

EXERCISES ON BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR**Exercise 1**

1-The current gain of the transistor $\beta = 100$, $V_{BE} = 0.7\text{V}$ and $V_{CE\text{Sat}} = 0\text{V}$ (saturation voltage). For $R_B = 10\text{ k}\Omega$. Calculate the currents I_B , I_C and the voltage V_{CE} .

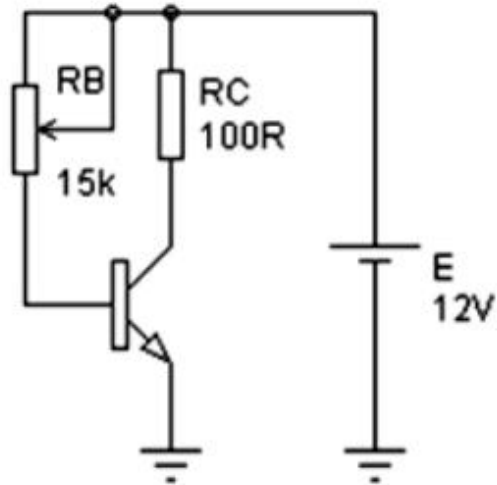
2- Calculate the minimum base current $I_{B\text{min}}$ to saturate the transistor and the corresponding value of the resistor R_B .

The NPN transistor is replaced by a PNP transistor which has the same characteristics.

3- Draw a diagram of the set up.

4- What is the voltage V_{BE} between base and emitter.

5- Repeat question 1

**Exercise 2**

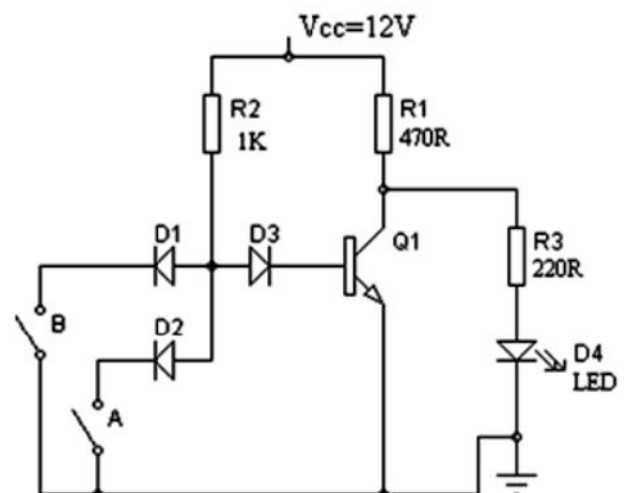
The switches A and B are open.

- 1- Calculate the current I_B .
- 2- What is the state of the transistor ?
- 3- Is the LED on or off ? Justify the answer.
- 4- Calculate the voltage V_{PC} the common point of the 3 diodes D1, D2 and D3.

We close the switch A (B is open)

- 5- Calculate the voltage V_{PC} and the current I_B . What is the state of the transistor ?
- 6- Calculate the current I flowing through R_1 . What is the state of the LED ?
- 7- Calculate the voltage V_{CE} .
- 8- Complete the following table.

Switch B	Switch A	transistor State	LED State
open	open		
open	closed		
closed	open		
closed	closed		



$\beta = 100$

$V_D = 0.6\text{ V}$

$V_{BE} = 0.7\text{ V}$

$V_{D4} = 1.4\text{ V}$

$V_{CE\text{Sat}} = 0\text{ V}$

Exercise 3

The figure below represents a biasing circuit from an NPN transistor using two base resistors.

Assume $\beta = 100$, $V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$, $R_C = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{B1} = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, and $V_{BE0} = 0.7\text{ V}$.

- 1- We want to find an operating point ($V_{CE0} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_{C0} = 1\text{ mA}$).

Calculate the values of resistors R_1 and R_2 .

Plot the static load line and mark the operating point.

- 2- We keep the same resistor values as before and replace the transistor with one that has a $\beta = 300$.

Calculate the coordinates of the new operating point. Conclude.

