

Series 02

Exercise 01 :

1. Let $z = \frac{e^{i\theta}}{2}$, prove that:

$$\frac{\sin(\theta)}{2} + \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2^2} + \frac{\sin(3\theta)}{2^3} + \dots + \dots = \frac{2\sin(\theta)}{5 - 4\cos(\theta)}$$

2. Let $z, z' \in \mathbb{C}$, such that:

$$|z| = |z'| = 1, \quad 1 + zz' \neq 0, \quad W = \frac{z + z'}{1 + zz'}$$

- Show that $\bar{z} = \frac{1}{z}$,
- Calculate \overline{W} ,
- What do you conclude?

Exercise 02 : Let $z \in \mathbb{C}$

A) Using the definition of the limit, show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n-i}{n+1} = 1$.

B) Prove that $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z}$ does not exist.

C) Using the definition of the limit, show that $f(z) = z^2$ is continuous in \mathbb{C} .

D) Say whether the following functions are uniform or multiform

$$f(z) = z^3 - i\bar{z}, \quad f(z) = \sqrt[3]{z}, \quad f(z) = \sqrt{z}.$$

Exercise 03 :

1. Let $z \in \mathbb{C}$, using the definition, say whether the function $f(z) = |z|^2$ is holomorphic in \mathbb{C} .

2. • Prove the equivalence:

f is holomorphic \iff The Cauchy Riemann conditions are hold

- What is your conclusion?